

Division of Local Government
Department of Premier and Cabinet

GUIDELINES FOR THE APPOINTMENT & OVERSIGHT OF GENERAL MANAGERS

July 2011

These are Director General's Guidelines issued pursuant to section 23A of the *Local Government Act 1993*.

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DEFINITIONS

Code of Meeting Practice means a code of meeting procedure complying with requirements set out in the *Local Government Act 1993* and the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005

GIPA means the *Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009*

Integrated Planning and Reporting:

Integrated Planning and Reporting Guidelines means the Guidelines issued by the Division of Local Government in 2009

Community Strategic Plan as prescribed under the *Local Government Act 1993*

Delivery Program as prescribed under the *Local Government Act 1993*

Operational Plan as prescribed under the *Local Government Act 1993*

Resourcing Strategy as prescribed under the *Local Government Act 1993*

LGSA means the Local Government and Shires Associations of NSW

LGMA means Local Government Managers Australia (NSW)

Model Code of Conduct means the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW prescribed by the *Local Government Act 1993*

Ministerial Investment Order means any investment order approved by the Minister for Local Government under the *Local Government Act 1993*

Quarterly Budget Review Statements means the draft Guidelines issued by the Division of Local Government in October 2010

Senior Staff means senior staff as defined by the *Local Government Act 1993*

Standard Contract means the standard form of contract for the employment of the general manager approved by the Director General (or delegate) pursuant to section 338(4) of the *Local Government Act 1993*

Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Tribunal means the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Tribunal (SOORT) as constituted under the *Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975*

The Act means the *Local Government Act 1993*

The Regulation means the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005

PURPOSE

The purpose of these Guidelines is to assist councillors to be aware of their obligations under the *Local Government Act 1993* (the Act) and the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 (the Regulation) when recruiting, appointing, reappointing and overseeing general managers. It provides a summary of the essential matters that must be addressed by councils when engaging in these processes.

These Guidelines are issued under section 23A of the *Local Government Act 1993* and must be taken into consideration by council's governing body when exercising council functions related to the recruitment, oversight and performance management of general managers.

These Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the following:

- Provisions of the Act and the Regulation 2005
- Local Government General Managers Performance Management Guidelines – LGSA & LGMA
- Practice Note 5: Recruitment of General Managers and Senior Staff – DLG
- The standard form of contract for the employment of the general manager

Any references to sections are references to sections of the Act. Where there are any inconsistencies between these Guidelines and the documents above (with the exception of the Act and Regulation 2005), the Guidelines prevail.

INTRODUCTION

The position of general manager is pivotal in a council. It is the interface between the governing body comprised of elected councillors, which sets the strategy and monitors the performance of the council, and the administrative body of the council, headed by the general manager, which implements the decisions of the governing body. The relationship between the general manager and the councillors is of utmost importance for good governance and a well functioning council.

The Act requires all councils' governing bodies to appoint a person to be general manager (section 334). The Guidelines provide a guide and checklist for councillors to refer to when considering:

- the recruitment and appointment of general managers
- re-appointment of general managers or ending contracts
- conducting performance reviews of general managers, and
- engaging in the day to day oversight of general managers.

They are designed to promote a consistent approach across NSW councils to the recruitment, appointment, and oversight of general managers.

There are appendices to the Guidelines which do not form part of the Guidelines.

These Guidelines were prepared with the assistance of the Local Government and Shires Associations of NSW (LGSA) and the Local Government Managers Association (NSW) (LGMA).

A. STAFFING OF COUNCIL

1. Organisation structure

A council should have sufficient and appropriately qualified staff for the efficient and effective delivery of its functions.

The Act requires the governing body of council to determine an organisation structure, the senior staff positions within that structure and the resources to be allocated towards the employment of staff (s332).

When considering the most appropriate organisation structure for council to adopt, the governing body of council needs to consider what human resources are necessary to successfully achieve the goals articulated in the council's Community Strategic Plan, Delivery Program and Resourcing Strategy. For this reason, a Workforce Strategy is an essential component of a council's Resourcing Strategy. A council's organisation structure should align with its Workforce Strategy and be designed to support its Delivery Program and the achievement of its Community Strategic Plan.

The governing body of council must approve and adopt their organisation structure by council resolution. Councils must review and re-determine the council's organisation structure within 12 months of an ordinary election.

Councils may review and re-determine the council's organisation structure at any other time. Generally a council should consider reviewing its organisation structure in the event of a significant change to its Community Strategic Plan, Delivery Program or Resourcing Strategy.

Councillors are entitled to access the council's organisation structure when required and upon request to the general manager.

2. Appointment of Staff

The only staff position that is appointed by the governing body of council is that of the general manager. The position of general manager is a senior staff position (s334).

The general manager is responsible for the appointment of all other staff (including senior staff) in accordance with the organisation structure and resources approved by the council's governing body (s335(2)).

However, the general manager may only appoint or dismiss senior staff after consultation with the governing body of council (s337).

B. RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION

1. *Requirements of the Local Government Act 1993*

As with the appointment of all council staff, the council must ensure that the appointment of the general manager is made using merit selection principles (section 349).

Recruitment using merit selection is a competitive process where the applicant who demonstrates that they have the best qualifications and experience relevant to the position is appointed.

Equal Employment Opportunity principles also apply to the recruitment of general managers (sections 349 and 344).

The recruitment process must be open and transparent, but the confidentiality of individual applicants must be maintained. A failure to maintain appropriate confidentiality may constitute a breach of the Act and/or Privacy legislation.

2. *The pre-interview phase*

The council's governing body is responsible for recruiting the general manager.

The governing body of council should delegate the task of recruitment to a selection panel and approve the recruitment process. The panel will report back to the governing body of council on the process and recommend the most meritorious applicant for appointment by the council.

The selection panel should consist of at least the mayor, the deputy mayor, another councillor and, ideally, a suitably qualified person independent of the council. The LGSA and the LGMA can be contacted for assistance to identify suitable independent recruitment committee members and recruitment consultants. The selection panel membership should remain the same throughout the entire recruitment process.

Selection panels must have at least one male and one female member (other than in exceptional circumstances).

The council's governing body should delegate to one person (generally the mayor) the task of ensuring:

- the selection panel is established
- the general manager position description is current and evaluated in terms of salary to reflect the responsibilities of the position
- the proposed salary range reflects the responsibilities and duties of the position
- the position is advertised according to the requirements of the Act
- information packages are prepared
- applicants selected for interview are notified.

The mayor, or another person independent of council staff, should be the contact person for the position and should maintain confidentiality with respect to contact by potential applicants.

3. Interview Phase

Interviews should be held as soon as possible after candidates are short listed.

Questions should be designed to reflect the selection criteria of the position and elicit the suitability of the candidate for the position.

Interviews should be kept confidential.

All written references must be checked.

A selection panel must delegate the task of contacting referees to one panel member. Other panel members should not contact referees.

If contact with someone other than a nominated referee is required, the applicant's permission is to be sought.

At least 2 referees must be contacted and asked questions about the candidate relevant to the selection criteria.

Where tertiary qualifications are relied on they should be produced for inspection and if necessary for verification.

Appropriate background checks must be undertaken, for example bankruptcy checks. For more guidance on better practice recruitment background checks, councils are referred to the Australian Standard AS 4811-2006 *Employment Screening* and ICAC publications, which can be found on the ICAC website at <http://www.icac.nsw.gov.au>.

4. Selection Panel Report

The selection panel is responsible for preparing a report to the council's governing body that:

- outlines the selection process
- recommends the most meritorious applicant with reasons
- recommends an eligibility list if appropriate
- recommends that no appointment is made if the outcome of interviews is that there are no suitable applicants.

This report should be confidential and reported to a closed meeting of council.

The council's governing body must by resolution approve the position of the general manager being offered to the successful candidate before that position is actually offered to that candidate.

5. Finalising the appointment

The mayor makes the offer of employment after the governing body of council has resolved to appoint the successful candidate. The initial offer can be made by telephone.

Conditions such as term of the contract (1-5 years) and remuneration package (within the range approved by the governing body of council) can be discussed by phone, but must be confirmed in writing.

The Standard Contract for the Employment of General Managers as approved by the Chief Executive of the Division of Local Government must be used. The Standard Contract (Annexure 3 of these Guidelines) is available in the 'Information for Councils', 'Directory of Policy Advice for Councils' section of the Division's website at <http://www.dlg.nsw.gov.au>.

The terms of the Standard Contract must not be varied. Only the term and the schedules to the Standard Contract can be individualised.

General managers must be employed for 1 – 5 years.

The contract governs:

- the duties and functions of general managers
- performance agreements
- the process for renewal of employment contracts
- termination of employment and termination payments
- salary increases
- leave entitlements.

It should be noted that the Chief Executive of the Division of Local Government cannot approve individual variations to the standard terms of the contract.

Those candidates who are placed on the eligibility list and unsuccessful applicants should be advised of the outcome of the recruitment process before the successful applicant's details are made public.

6. Record keeping

Councils should keep and store all records created as part of the recruitment process including the advertisement, position description, selection criteria, questions asked at interview, interview panel notes, selection panel reports and notes of any discussions with the selected candidate. These records are required to be stored and disposed of in accordance with the *State Records Act 1998*.

C. ROLE OF THE GENERAL MANAGER

Councillors comprise the governing body of a council and make decisions by passing resolutions. It is the general manager's role to implement council decisions and carry out functions imposed by legislation. A council's governing body monitors the implementation of its decisions via reports by the general manager to council meetings.

1. *Key duties of all general managers*

The general manager is generally responsible for the effective and efficient operation of the council's organisation and for ensuring the implementation of the council's decisions without undue delay. The general manager carries out all their functions within the guidelines and policy framework approved by the council.

The general manager also has a role to play in assisting the governing body of council develop its strategic direction. The general manager is responsible for guiding the preparation of the Community Strategic Plan and the council's response to it via the Delivery Program. The general manager is responsible for implementing the Delivery Program and will report to the governing body of council on its progress and conduct regular updates and reviews.

The general manager is responsible for recruiting and appointing staff within the organisation structure determined by the governing body of council. This must be in accordance with the budget approved by the council's governing body and be for the purpose of carrying out the council's statutory functions and implementing council's Community Strategic Plan, Delivery Program and Operational Plan.

The general manager must consult with the governing body of council before appointing or dismissing senior staff. The general manager must report to the council at least annually on the contractual conditions of senior staff (cl.217 of the Regulation).

The general manager is responsible for performance management of staff, including staff discipline and dismissal.

The general manager is also responsible for ensuring councillors are provided with information and the advice they require in order to make informed decisions and to carry out their civic duties.

The governing body of council may direct the general manager to provide councillors with advice or a recommendation, but cannot direct as to the content of that advice or recommendation.

Generally, requests by councillors for assistance or information should go through the general manager, except where he or she has authorised another council officer to undertake this role. The Guidelines for the Model Code of Conduct contemplate that a council should develop a policy to provide guidance on interactions between council officials. This policy should be agreed to by both the council's governing body and the general manager.

Councillors could reasonably expect general managers will report routinely on significant industrial issues and/or litigation affecting the council, particularly those that impact on the council's budget or organisation structure.

The general manager should ensure that the council meeting business papers are sufficient to enable the council to make informed decisions, as well as to allow councillors to properly monitor and review the operations of the council. This will assist councils in ensuring that they are complying with any relevant statutory obligations, keeping within the budget approved by the council and achieving the strategic goals set by the council in its Delivery Program and Operational Plan.

Councillors should receive a number of financial reports during the year, including the Quarterly Budget Review Statements included in the Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting and which are referred to in the draft Quarterly Budget Review Statements Guidelines, reports required by the Regulation and any legislation. In addition, the council should receive at least quarterly a report about any significant litigation affecting the council.

Councillors should also receive reports, at least half yearly, on progress towards implementation of the Community Strategic Plan and Delivery Program (see clause 203 of the Regulation or page 20 of the Integrated Planning and Reporting Guidelines).

Clause 10 of the Model Code of Conduct sets out the obligations on general managers and council staff to provide councillors with information in order for councillors to carry out their civic functions.

Councillors have a right to sufficient information to make informed decisions. Applications for information under the *Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009* (GIPAA) are available to everyone including councillors.

2. Duties delegated to general managers

A governing body of council may delegate certain functions to the general manager. A delegation of a council function must be made by a council resolution (Chapter 12 Part 3 ss 377-381 of the Act).

A governing body of council cannot delegate the functions set out in section 377(1) of the Act.

A council's governing body may not delegate the adoption of a Code of Meeting Practice, a Code of Conduct, or the endorsement of Community Strategic Plans, Resourcing Strategies, Delivery Programs and Operational Plans.

Each governing body of council must review its delegation of functions during the first 12 months of each term of office (s.380). To assist with this review, it is recommended that, within the first 6 months of the new term, the governing body of council reviews what functions have been delegated and to whom they have been delegated to determine if the delegation and the policies guiding those delegated decisions have been working effectively.

It should be noted that the general manager may sub-delegate a function delegated to him/her by the governing body of council (s378). However, the general manager still retains responsibility to ensure that any sub-delegated function is carried out appropriately.

Where functions are delegated to the general manager to perform on behalf of a governing body of council, it is important for the governing body of council to ensure there are policies in place to guide the decision making. The governing body of council should keep policies guiding the delegated decisions under regular review.

For example, where media liaison is delegated to the general manager, the governing body of council should adopt a media policy to guide statements to the media.

It is important that council's governing body ensure that proper records are kept of applications that are determined under delegation and that there is regular reporting on the implementation of delegated functions. This is essential so that council's governing body can be provided with assurance that the delegated function is being undertaken in accordance with any relevant council policies and regulatory framework, eg, development application decisions.

The council's internal audit function is another important internal control to ensure that delegated functions are complying with relevant policy and legislation. A well designed internal audit program should give council independent assurance that council's internal controls are working effectively.

Where authority to make a decision is delegated this does not remove a council's authority to make a decision.

Matters that fall outside the terms of a council policy, delegation, or day to day management (section 335), should be referred to the governing body of council for a decision.

D. DAY-TO-DAY OVERSIGHT AND LIAISON WITH THE GENERAL MANAGER

Council's governing body is required to monitor and review the performance of the general manager as discussed in Section C, above. However, a council's governing body should delegate to the mayor the role of day-to-day oversight of and liaison with the general manager.

The mayor's role in the day-to-day management of the general manager should include:

- approving leave
- approving expenses incurred
- managing complaints about the general manager.

The council's governing body should ensure there are adequate and appropriate policies in place to guide the mayor in the day-to-day oversight of and liaison with the general manager and keep those policies under regular review.

Some of the key policies the governing body of council should have in place relate to:

- leave
- travel
- credit cards
- purchasing and procurement
- expenses and facilities
- petty cash
- financial and non-financial delegations of authority.

The governing body of council should also ensure there are adequate policies in place with respect to expenditure of council funds, as well as adequate reporting requirements in relation to that expenditure.

The council's governing body should satisfy itself that any policy governing the conferral of a benefit on the general manager, such as use of a motor vehicle, allows the actual dollar value of that benefit to be quantified so it can be accurately reflected in the general manager's salary package in Schedule C to the Standard Contract.

Within 6 months of the date of these Guidelines, council's governing body should check to ensure these key policies are in place. They should then be kept under regular review.

E. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

1. *General manager performance management framework*

The general manager is made accountable to their council principally through their contract of employment.

The role of the governing body is to oversee the general manager's performance in accordance with the Standard Contract.

The performance of the general manager must be reviewed at least annually against the agreed performance criteria for the position. Council may also choose to undertake more frequent interim reviews of the general manager's performance.

The agreed performance criteria are set out in an agreement that is signed within three months of the commencement of the contract. Development of the performance agreement is discussed below.

2. *Establishing the framework for performance management*

The council's governing body is to establish a performance review panel and delegate the task of performance reviews of the general manager to this panel. The extent of the delegation should be clear.

It is recommended that the whole process of performance management be delegated to the performance review panel, including discussions about performance, any actions that should be taken and the determination of the new performance agreement.

Performance review panels should comprise the mayor, the deputy mayor, another councillor nominated by council and a councillor nominated by the general manager. The council's governing body may also consider including an independent observer on the panel. Panel members should be trained in the performance management of general managers.

The role of the review panel includes:

- conducting performance reviews
- reporting the findings and recommendations of those reviews to council
- development of the performance agreement.

The governing body of council and the general manager may agree on the involvement of an external facilitator to assist with the process of performance appraisal and the development of new performance plans. This person should be selected by the governing body of council or the performance review panel. The LGSA and the LGMA can be contacted for assistance to identify suitable independent facilitators to assist in the performance management process.

All councillors not on the panel can contribute to the process by providing feedback to the mayor on the general manager's performance.

All councillors should be notified of relevant dates in the performance review cycle and be kept advised of the panel's findings and recommendations.

The panel should report back to the governing body of council in a closed session the findings and recommendations of its performance review as soon as practicable following any performance review. This should not be an opportunity to debate the results or re-enact the performance review of the general manager. The general manager should not be present when the matter is considered.

The performance management report of any council staff member, including the general manager, should not be released to the public and should be retained on the appropriate confidential council employment file. Release of such personal information to other than the Performance Review Panel, the general manager and the councillors in confidence may be a breach of privacy legislation.

3. *Establishing the performance agreement*

The performance agreement is the most important component of successful performance management. The performance agreement should include clearly defined and measurable performance indicators against which the general manager's performance can be measured.

As one of the general manager's key responsibilities is to oversee the implementation of council's strategic direction, it is important to align the general manager's performance criteria to the goals contained in the council's Community Strategic Plan, Resourcing Strategy, Delivery Program and Operational Plan.

The performance agreement should also include the general manager's personal contribution to the council's key achievements and the general manager's core capabilities, including leadership qualities.

The performance agreement should contain but not be limited to key indicators that measure how well the general manager has met the council's expectations with respect to:

- service delivery targets from the council's Delivery Program and Operational Plan;
- budget compliance;
- organisational capability;
- timeliness and accuracy of information and advice to councillors;
- timely implementation of council resolutions;
- management of organisational risks;
- leadership etc.

4. *Performance Review Process*

The Standard Contract requires that the performance of the general manager must be formally reviewed at least annually. The governing body of council may also undertake interim performance reviews as appropriate.

The assessment should include:

- self assessment by the general manager
- assessment by the review panel of the general manager's performance against the performance agreement.

The performance review meeting should be scheduled with sufficient notice to all parties and in accordance with clauses 7.6 and 7.7 of the Standard Contract.

The meeting should concentrate on constructive dialogue about the general manager's performance against all sections of the agreed performance plan.

The meeting should identify any areas of concern and agree actions to address those concerns.

In undertaking any performance review, care must be taken to ensure that the review is conducted fairly and in accordance with the principles of natural justice and that the laws and principles of anti-discrimination are complied with. The

appointment by a council, in agreement with the general manager, of an external facilitator (see above) to advise on the process should assist council in complying with these laws and principles.

The council's governing body must advise the general manager, in writing, in clear terms, the outcome of any performance review.

The new performance agreement for the next period should be prepared as soon as possible after the completion of the previous period. The agreement should be presented to the governing body of council for discussion in a closed meeting together with the outcomes of the previous review period.

5. *Contract Renewal or Separation*

It is important that any decision by the governing body of council to renew a contract for the general manager and the term of that contract be reported back to an open meeting of council, together with the total amount of any salary package agreed to.

Termination of a contract on the basis of poor performance can only occur where there has been a formal review undertaken against the signed performance agreement where performance difficulties were identified and have not subsequently been remedied. For further discussion on separation or renewal of general managers' contracts, see section F, below.

6. *Reward and Remuneration*

An annual increase in the salary package, equivalent to the latest percentage increase in remuneration for senior executive office holders as determined by the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Tribunal, is available to the general manager under the Standard Contract on each anniversary of the contract.

Discretionary increases to the general manager's total remuneration package under the provisions of the Standard Contract may only occur after a formal review of the general manager's performance has been undertaken by the governing body of council and the governing body of council resolves to grant such a discretionary increase because of better than satisfactory performance.

Discretionary increases are intended to be an incentive for general managers to perform at their maximum throughout the life of the contract. Discretionary increases are also intended to encourage contracts of the maximum duration.

Any discretionary increases should be modest and in line with community expectations.

All discretionary increases in remuneration, together with the reasons for the increase, must be reported to an open meeting of council.

F. SEPARATION OR RENEWAL

1. *Termination of a general manager's employment*

The Standard Contract for general managers sets out how a general manager's contract can be terminated before its expiry date by either the governing body of council or the general manager (clause 10 of the Standard Contract).

Termination can be by agreement of both parties. The general manager may terminate the contract by giving 4 weeks written notice to the governing body of council.

A governing body of council may terminate the contract by giving 4 weeks written notice where the general manager has become incapacitated for 12 weeks or more, has exhausted their sick leave and the duration of the incapacity is either indefinite or for a period that would make it unreasonable for the contract to be continued.

Termination of a contract on the basis of poor performance may only occur where there has been a formal review undertaken against the signed performance agreement, where performance difficulties have been identified and have not been remedied as agreed. In these instances, the council must give the general manager either 13 weeks written notice of termination or termination payment in lieu of notice calculated in accordance with Schedule C of the Standard Contract.

A governing body of council may terminate the general manager's contract at any time by giving the general manager 38 weeks written notice or pay the general manager a lump sum of 38 weeks remuneration in accordance with Schedule C of the Standard Contract. If there are less than 38 weeks left to run in the term of the general manager's contract, a council can pay out the balance of the contract in lieu of notice.

In the circumstances set out at 10.4 of the Standard Contract, a council may summarily dismiss a general manager. The remuneration arrangements under these circumstances are set out in clause 11.4 of the Standard Contract.

Section 336 (2) of the Act sets out other circumstances where a general manager's appointment is automatically terminated.

2. *Suspension of General Manager*

The governing body of council may suspend the general manager. However, great caution should be exercised when considering such a course of action and it would be appropriate for a governing body of council to seek and be guided by expert advice from a person or organisation that is suitably qualified and experienced in such matters. The governing body may authorise the Mayor to obtain such expert advice.

Suspension should be on full pay for a clearly defined period.

Any decision to suspend a general manager should be taken by a governing body of council at a closed council meeting, having first carefully considered any independent expert advice obtained on the specific matter.

It would not be appropriate to seek advice from council human resources staff on the issue of suspending the general manager.

The principals of natural justice and procedural fairness apply to any decision to suspend a general manager, ie, the general manager must be advised of the circumstances leading to the suspension, the reasons for the suspension, the period of the suspension and be given a right to respond to the decision to suspend.

3. *Dispute resolution*

The Standard Contract contains a dispute resolution clause at clause 17.

These provisions are designed to encourage councils and general managers to attempt to negotiate agreement on disputes where they arise.

The governing body of council should ideally resolve to delegate this function to the mayor or a panel of 3 councillors including the mayor.

If the dispute involves the mayor then the deputy mayor should take the mayor's place. If there is no deputy mayor then the governing body should resolve to appoint another councillor to take the mayor's place.

The governing body of council and general manager should agree on an independent mediator to mediate the dispute. The LGSA and LGMA can provide assistance to their members to identify a suitable mediator.

The Standard Contract allows the Chief Executive of the Division of Local Government to appoint a mediator where the parties cannot agree on one.

4. *Renewing a general manager's contract*

Clause 5 of the Standard Contract describes how a general manager's appointment may be renewed.

The terms of the new contract, and in particular the schedules to the new contract, should be set out in the letter of offer. Before offering a new contract, the council should carefully review the terms of the schedules to the new contract.

The governing body of council should ensure that the performance management terms of the new contract adequately reflect its expectations as to the general manager's performance.

The governing body of council should also have regard to the previous performance reviews conducted under previous contracts.

The process of deciding whether or not to offer a general manager a new contract should be that:

- a performance review is conducted
- findings and recommendations are reported to a closed council meeting in the absence of the general manager
- the closed meeting considers and decides whether or not to offer a new contract and on what terms as set out in the schedules to the contract
- the general manager is then advised of the governing body of council's decision in confidence by the mayor.

Details of the decision to offer a new contract and a salary package should be reported to an open council meeting.

Appendix 1 - Performance Management Timelines

Timeline	Activity	Responsibility
At commencement of each new council	Provide induction training on performance management of the general manager	Council
Within 3 months of the commencement date of the contract	A performance agreement setting out agreed performance criteria must be signed between the general manager and the council	Council or council panel General Manager
Within 2 months of the signing of the performance agreement	The general manager must prepare and submit to council an action plan which sets out how the performance criteria are to be met	General Manager
21 days notice (before annual review)	The general manager gives the council written notice that an annual performance review is due	General Manager
At least 10 days notice	The council must give the general manager written notice that any performance review is to be conducted	Council or council panel
After 6 months	The council may also decide, with the agreement of the general manager, to provide interim feedback to the general manager midway through the annual review period	Council or council panel General Manager
Prior to the annual review	Ensure all councillors on the Review Panel have been trained in performance management of general managers	Council
Prior to the annual performance review	The general manager may submit to council a self assessment of his/her performance	General Manager
Annually	The general manager's performance must be reviewed having regard to the performance criteria in the agreement	Council or council panel General Manager
Annually	The performance agreement must be reviewed and varied by agreement	Council or council panel General Manager
Within 6 weeks of the conclusion of the performance review	Council will prepare and send to the general manager a written statement with council's conclusions on the general manager's performance during the performance review period	Council or council panel
As soon as possible after receipt of the statement	The general manager and the council will agree on any variation to the performance agreement for the next period of review	Council or council panel General Manager

Appendix 2 - Stages of performance management

STAGE	ACTION	PROCESS
1. Developing performance agreement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Examine the position description and contract ▪ List all position responsibilities from the position description ▪ Identify stakeholder expectations ▪ List the key strategic objectives from the Service Delivery and Operational Plans ▪ Develop performance measures (identify indicators - set standards) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Good planning ▪ Direct and effective communication ▪ Open negotiation ▪ Joint goal setting
2. Action planning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Develop specific strategies to meet strategic objectives ▪ Identify resources ▪ Delegate tasks (eg, put these delegated tasks into the performance agreements for other senior staff) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Detailed analysis ▪ Two way communication ▪ Detailed documentation
3. Monitoring progress (feedback half way through the review period)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Assess performance ▪ Give constructive feedback ▪ Adjust priorities and reset performance measures if appropriate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Communication ▪ Avoid bias ▪ Counselling ▪ Coaching ▪ Joint problem solving
4. Annual	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Assess performance against measures ▪ Give constructive feedback ▪ Identify poor performance and necessary corrective action ▪ Identify outstanding performance and show appreciation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Evaluation of the reasons behind performance being as assessed ▪ Open, straightforward communication (as bias free as possible) ▪ negotiation ▪ Counselling, support, training ▪ Documenting ▪ Decision making
5. Developing revised agreement	See stage 1	See Stage 1

Appendix 3 – Standard Contract of Employment

**STANDARD CONTRACT OF
EMPLOYMENT**

for

**GENERAL MANAGERS OF LOCAL
COUNCILS IN NEW SOUTH WALES**

Acknowledgements

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Contract of Employment

This Contract of Employment is made on

Date _____

between

Name of Council _____

[Referred to in this contract as "Council"]

Address _____

and

Name of Employee _____

[Referred to in this contract as "the employee"]

Address _____

1 Position

The position to which this contract applies is that of General Manager.

Note: A person who has held civic office in relation to Council must not be appointed to any paid position on the staff of Council within 6 months after ceasing to hold the office: section 354 of the Act.

2 Term

Subject to the terms and conditions in this contract, Council will employ the employee for a term of:

[*Length of term*] _____

Note: The term of this contract must not be less than 12 months or more than 5 years (including any option for renewal): section 338 of the Act.

commencing on [*date*] _____

and terminating on [*date*] _____

3 Definitions

3.1 In this contract, unless otherwise stated or indicated:

the Act means the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Code of conduct means the document within the meaning of section 440 of the Act adopted by Council and which incorporates the provisions of the model code.

Commencement date means the date that this contract commences as specified in clause 2.

Confidential information means any and all confidential information, data, reports, operations, dealings, records, materials, plans, statistics, finances or other agreements and things (other than that which is already in the public domain), whether written or oral and of whatever type or nature relating to property, assets, liabilities, finances, dealings or functions of Council or any undertaking from time to time carried out by Council.

Director-General means the Director-General of the New South Wales Department of Local Government.

Equal employment opportunity management plan means the document a council must prepare under Part 4 of Chapter 11 of the Act.

Minister means the New South Wales Minister for Local Government.

Model code means the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW prescribed by the Regulation.

Month means a calendar month.

Performance agreement means the agreement referred to in clause 7.

Performance criteria means the criteria to which a performance review is to have regard.

Performance review means a review of the employee's performance conducted in accordance with the procedures under clause 7.

the position means the position referred to in clause 1.

the Regulation means the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005*.

Senior executive office holder (New South Wales Public Service) means the holder of a senior executive position within the meaning of the *Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002*.

Statutory and Other Officers Remuneration Tribunal means the Statutory and Other Officers Tribunal constituted under the *Statutory and Other Officers Remuneration Act 1975*.

Termination date means the date that this contract terminates as specified in clause 2.

3.2 Expressions in this contract corresponding with expressions that are defined in the Act have those meanings.

4 Contract operation and application

- 4.1 This contract constitutes a contract of employment for the purposes of section 338 of the Act, and governs the employment of the employee while in the position.
- 4.2 A reference in this contract to any Act or regulation, or any provision of any Act or regulation, includes a reference to subsequent amendments of that Act, regulation or provision.
- 4.3 A reference to a Schedule to this contract refers to a Schedule as may be varied in accordance with this contract, and applies whether or not the Schedule has been physically attached to this contract.
- 4.4 Where the mayor or any other person is lawfully authorised to act as Council or Council's delegate for the purpose of this contract, this contract will be construed as if:
- (a) any reference to Council includes a reference to that authorised person, and
 - (b) any reference to a requirement for Council's approval includes a reference to a requirement for that authorised person's written approval,
- 4.5 Any staff entitlement under a lawful policy of Council as adopted by Council from time to time and that is set out in Schedule A will apply to the employee unless this contract makes express provision to the contrary. Schedule A may be varied from time to time by agreement between the employee and Council, such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld.

Note: Only those policies that create entitlements are to be set out in Schedule A. Schedule A policies are distinct from those which create a *duty or function* as referred to in subclause 6.1.4 and which are *not* required to be set out in Schedule A.

- 4.6 Subject to clauses 7 and 13, the terms of this contract, as varied from time to time in accordance with this contract, represent the entire terms of all agreements between the employee and Council and replace all other representations, understandings or arrangements made between the employee and Council that relate to the employment of the employee in the position.

Note: The contract authorises the making of agreements that are linked to the contract. Clause 7 requires the parties to sign a performance agreement. Clause 13 allows either party to require the other to sign a confidentiality agreement for the purpose of protecting intellectual property.

5. Renewal of appointment

- 5.1 At least 9 months before the termination date (or 6 months if the term of employment is for less than 3 years) the employee will apply to Council in writing if seeking re-appointment to the position.
- 5.2 At least 6 months before the termination date (or 3 months if the term of employment is for less than 3 years) Council will respond to the employee's application referred to in subclause 5.1 by notifying the employee in writing of its decision to either offer the employee a new contract of employment (and on what terms) or decline the employee's application for re-appointment.
- 5.3 At least 3 months before the termination date (or 1 month if the term of employment is for less than 3 years) the employee will notify Council in writing of the employee's decision to either accept or decline any offer made by Council under subclause 5.2.
- 5.4 In the event the employee accepts an offer by Council to enter into a new contract of employment, a new contract of employment will be signed.

6. Duties and functions

- 6.1 The employee will:
- 6.1.1 to the best of their ability, meet the performance criteria set out in the performance agreement as varied from time to time,
- 6.1.2 carry out the duties and functions imposed by the Act and Regulation, or any other Act and associated regulations, which include but are not limited to:
- (a) the efficient and effective operation of Council's organisation,
 - (b) implementing, without undue delay, the decisions of Council,
 - (c) exercising such of the functions of Council as are delegated by Council to the employee,
 - (d) appointing staff in accordance with an organisation structure and resources approved by Council,
 - (e) directing and dismissing staff,
 - (f) implementing Council's equal employment opportunity management plan,

-
- (g) consulting with Council prior to the appointment or dismissal of senior staff,
 - (h) reporting to Council, at least once annually, on the contractual conditions of senior staff,
 - (i) giving immediate notice to Council on becoming bankrupt or making a composition, arrangement or assignment for the benefit of the employee's creditors and providing Council, within the time specified by Council with any further information concerning the cause of the bankruptcy or of the making of the composition, arrangement or assignment,
 - (j) subject to subclause 6.2.3, providing advice and recommendations to Council or the mayor if directed to do so,
 - (k) not engaging, for remuneration, in private employment or contract work outside the service of Council without the approval of Council,
 - (l) not approving, where appropriate, any member of Council staff from engaging, for remuneration, in private employment or contract work outside the service of Council that relates to the business of Council or that might conflict with the staff member's Council duties,
 - (m) acting honestly and exercising a reasonable degree of care and diligence in carrying out the employee's duties and functions,
 - (n) complying with the provisions of the code of conduct,
 - (o) preparing and submitting written returns of interest and disclosing pecuniary interests in accordance with the Act and the Regulation,

Note: Sections 335, 337, 339, 341, 352, 353, 439, 440 and 445 of the Act.

- 6.1.3 carry out the duties and functions set out in Schedule B as varied from time to time by agreement between the employee and Council, such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld,

Note: Schedule B may include additional duties and functions, for example, those related to special projects.

- 6.1.4 carry out the duties and functions set out in the policies of Council as adopted by Council from time to time during the term of this contract,

-
- 6.1.5 observe and carry out all lawful directions given by Council, in relation to the performance of the employee's duties and functions under this contract,
 - 6.1.6 work such reasonable hours as are necessary to carry out the duties and functions of the position and the employee's obligations under this contract,
 - 6.1.7 obtain the approval of the Council for any absences from the business of Council,
 - 6.1.8 promote ethical work practices and maintain a culture of integrity and professionalism where Council staff members treat each other, members of the public, customers and service providers with respect and fairness,
 - 6.1.9 facilitate Council staff awareness of the procedures for making protected disclosures and of the protection provided by the *Protected Disclosures Act 1994*,
 - 6.1.10 take all reasonable steps to ensure that actions and policies of Council accord with the strategic intent of Council,
 - 6.1.11 take all reasonable steps to maximise compliance with relevant legislative requirements,
 - 6.1.12 maintain effective corporate and human resource planning,
 - 6.1.13 maintain the Council staff performance management system,
 - 6.1.14 maintain satisfactory operation of Council's internal controls, reporting systems (including protected disclosures), grievance procedures, the documentation of decision-making and sound financial management,
 - 6.1.15 develop procedures to ensure the code of conduct is periodically reviewed so that it is in accordance with the Act and Regulation and adequately reflects specific organisational values and requirements,
 - 6.1.16 promote and facilitate compliance with the code of conduct ensuring that each councillor and Council staff member is familiar with its provisions, and
 - 6.1.17 report to Council on any overseas travel taken by the employee or any Council staff member where that travel is funded in whole or in part by Council.
- 6.2 Council:

-
- 6.2.1 will provide adequate resources to enable the employee to carry out the duties and functions specified in subclause 6.1 and Schedule B,
 - 6.2.2 will provide the employee with reasonable opportunities to participate in professional development initiatives relevant to the duties and functions under this contract subject to the operational needs of Council, and
 - 6.2.3 will not direct the employee as to the content of any advice or recommendation made by the employee.

Note: section 352 of the Act.

7. Performance agreement and review

- 7.1 Within 3 months after the commencement date, the employee and Council will sign a performance agreement setting out agreed performance criteria.
- 7.2 In the event that the employee and Council are unable to agree on the performance criteria, Council will determine such performance criteria that are reasonable and consistent with the employee's duties and functions under clause 6 and in Schedule B.
- 7.3 The performance agreement may be varied from time to time during the term of this contract by agreement between the employee and Council, such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld.
- 7.4 Within 2 months after signing or varying the performance agreement, the employee will prepare and submit to Council an action plan which sets out how the performance criteria are to be met.
- 7.5 Council will ensure that the employee's performance is reviewed (and, where appropriate, the performance agreement varied) at least annually. Any such review is to have regard to the performance criteria.

Note: Council may review the employee's performance every 6 months or more frequently if necessary.

- 7.6 The employee will give Council 21 days' written notice that an annual performance review in accordance with subclause 7.5 is due.
- 7.7 Council will give the employee at least 10 days notice in writing that any performance review is to be conducted.

-
- 7.8 The structure and process of the performance review is at the discretion of Council following consultation with the employee.
- 7.9 The employee may prepare and submit to Council an assessment of the employee's own performance prior to a performance review.
- 7.10 Within 6 weeks from the conclusion of a performance review, Council will prepare and send to the employee a written statement that sets out:
- (a) Council's conclusions about the employee's performance during the performance review period,
 - (b) any proposal by Council to vary the performance criteria as a consequence of a performance review, and
 - (c) any directions or recommendations made by Council to the employee in relation to the employee's future performance of the duties of the position.
- 7.11 The employee and Council will, as soon as possible after the employee receives the written statement referred to in subclause 7.10, attempt to come to agreement on any proposal by Council to vary the performance criteria and on any recommendations by Council as to the future performance of the duties of the position by the employee.
- 7.11 Subject to the employee being available and willing to attend a performance review, Council undertakes that if a performance review is not held in accordance with this clause, this will not operate to the prejudice of the employee unless the employee is responsible for the failure to hold the performance review.

8. Remuneration

- 8.1 Council will provide the employee with the total remuneration package set out in Schedule C.
- 8.2 The total remuneration package includes salary, compulsory employer superannuation contributions and other benefits including any fringe benefits tax payable on such benefits.

Note: Compulsory employer superannuation contributions are those contributions required under the *Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992* of the Commonwealth and any contributions required to be paid for an employee under a superannuation arrangement entered into by Council for that employee. See Schedule C.

-
- 8.3 Council may, on only one occasion during each year of this contract, approve an increase in the total remuneration package where the employee's performance has been assessed in accordance with a performance review as being of a better than satisfactory standard.
- 8.4 Any increase in remuneration approved under subclause 8.3 will not be paid as a lump sum.
- 8.5 On each anniversary of the commencement date, the total remuneration package will be increased by a percentage amount that is equivalent to the latest percentage amount increase in remuneration for senior executive office holders as determined by the Statutory and Other Officers Remuneration Tribunal.

Note: When making determinations referred to in subclause 8.5, the Tribunal takes into account key national economic indicators and movements in public sector remuneration across Australia, market conditions, the Consumer Price Index and wages growth as measured by the Wage Cost Index. Tribunal determinations are published in the Government Gazette and are available at www.remtribunals.nsw.gov.au. The Premier's Department issues periodic Memoranda summarising the Tribunal's determinations. These Memoranda are available at www.premiers.nsw.gov.au.

- 8.6 The structure of the total remuneration package may be varied from time to time during the term of this contract by agreement between the employee and Council, such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld.
- 8.7 The total remuneration package, as varied from time to time, remunerates the employee for all work undertaken by the employee while in the position. No other remuneration, benefit, overtime or allowances other than those to which the employee may be entitled under this contract will be paid to the employee during the term of this contract.

9. Leave

9.1 General

- 9.1.1 Council will pay remuneration calculated in accordance with Schedule C to the employee proceeding on paid leave under this clause.
- 9.1.2 On the termination of this contract, and if the employee is not re-appointed to the position under clause 5 or appointed to any other position in Council's organisation structure, the Council will pay:
- (a) to the employee in the case of annual leave, or

-
- (b) to the employee or new employer council in the case of long service leave,

accrued but unused leave entitlements calculated at the monetary value of the total remuneration package as specified in Schedule C.

9.1.3 If the employee is re-appointed to the position under clause 5 or appointed to any other position in Council's organisation structure within 3 months after the termination of this contract, the employee will be taken to have continuing service with Council for the purpose of determining the employee's entitlement to annual leave, long service leave and sick leave.

9.1.4 Any leave accrued with Council standing to the credit of the employee immediately prior to entering into this contract will be taken to be leave for the purposes of this contract.

9.2 Annual leave

The employee is entitled to four weeks paid annual leave during each year of employment under this contract to be taken as agreed between the employee and Council.

9.3 Long service leave

9.3.1 The employee's entitlement to long service leave is to be calculated by the same method that applies to a non-senior member of Council staff.

9.3.2 Long service leave is transferable between councils in New South Wales in the same manner that applies to a non-senior member of Council staff.

9.4 Sick leave

9.4.1 The employee is entitled to 15 days paid sick leave during each year of employment under this contract provided that:

- (a) Council is satisfied that the sickness is such that it justifies time off, and
- (b) satisfactory proof of illness to justify payment is provided to Council for absences in excess of two days.

9.4.2 Sick leave will accumulate from year to year of employment under this contract so that any balance of leave not taken in any one year may be taken in a subsequent year.

9.4.3 Council may require the employee to attend a doctor nominated by Council at Council's cost.

9.4.4 Accrued but unused sick leave will not be paid out on the termination of this contract.

9.5 Parental leave

9.5.1 Parental leave includes supporting parent's leave, maternity leave, paternity leave and adoption leave.

9.5.2 The employee is entitled to the same parental leave that a non-senior member of Council staff would be entitled.

9.6 Carer's leave

The employee is entitled to the same carer's leave that a non-senior member of Council staff would be entitled.

9.7 Concessional leave

The employee is entitled to the same concessional leave that a non-senior member of Council staff would be entitled.

9.8 Special leave

Council may grant special leave, with or without pay, to the employee for a period as determined by Council to cover any specific matter approved by Council.

10 Termination

10.1 General

On termination of this contract for any reason the employee will immediately return to Council all property of Council in the employee's possession including intellectual property and confidential information and will not keep or make any copies of such property and information.

10.2 Termination date

The employment of the employee under this contract terminates on the termination date.

10.3 Termination by either the employee or Council

This contract may be terminated before the termination date by way of any of the following:

10.3.1 written agreement between the employee and Council,

10.3.2 the employee giving 4 weeks' written notice to Council,

10.3.3 Council giving 4 weeks' written notice to the employee, or alternatively by termination payment under subclause 11.1, where:

- (a) the employee has been incapacitated for a period of not less than 12 weeks and the employee's entitlement to sick leave has been exhausted, and
- (b) the duration of the employee's incapacity remains indefinite or is likely to be for a period that would make it unreasonable for the contract to be continued,

10.3.4 Council giving 13 weeks' written notice to the employee, or alternatively, by termination payment under subclause 11.2 where Council:

- (a) has conducted a performance review, and
- (b) concluded that the employee has not substantially met the performance criteria or the terms of the performance agreement,

10.3.5 Council giving 38 weeks' written notice to the employee, or alternatively, by termination payment under subclause 11.3.

10.4 Summary dismissal

10.4.1 Council may terminate this contract at any time and without notice if the employee commits any act that would entitle an employer to summarily dismiss the employee. Such acts include but are not limited to:

- (a) serious or persistent breach of any of the terms of this contract,

-
- (b) serious and willful disobedience of any reasonable and lawful instruction or direction given by Council,
 - (c) serious and willful misconduct, dishonesty, insubordination or neglect in the discharge of the employee's duties and functions under this contract,
 - (d) failure to comply with any law or Council policy concerning sexual harassment or racial or religious vilification,
 - (e) commission of a crime, resulting in conviction and sentencing (whether or not by way of periodic detention), which affects the employee's ability to perform the employee's duties and functions satisfactorily, or in the opinion of Council brings Council into disrepute,
 - (f) absence from the business of Council without Council approval for a period of 3 or more consecutive business days.

10.4.2 This contract is terminated immediately without notice if the employee becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit.

11 Termination payments

- 11.1 On termination of this contract under subclause 10.3.3, where written notice has not been given, Council will pay the employee a monetary amount equivalent to 4 weeks' remuneration calculated in accordance with Schedule C.
- 11.2 On termination of this contract under subclause 10.3.4, where written notice has not been given, Council will pay the employee a monetary amount equivalent to 13 weeks' remuneration calculated in accordance with Schedule C.
- 11.3 On termination of this contract under subclause 10.3.5, where written notice has not been given, Council will pay the employee a monetary amount equivalent to 38 weeks' remuneration calculated in accordance with Schedule C, or the remuneration which the employee would have received if the employee had been employed by Council to the termination date, whichever is the lesser.
- 11.4 On termination of this contract under subclause 10.3.1, 10.3.2, 10.4.1 or 10.4.2, Council will pay the employee remuneration up to and including the

date of termination calculated in accordance with Schedule C and any other payment to which the employee is entitled under this contract.

12 Expenses and credit cards

In addition to any duties or entitlements that may be set out in any relevant policies of Council as adopted by Council from time to time, the employee will:

- 12.1 keep such records of expenses, travel and motor vehicle use as required by Council from time to time,
- 12.2 be reimbursed by Council for expenses properly incurred on Council business, subject to Council's prior approval to this expense being incurred,
- 12.3 only use any credit card provided by Council for expenses incurred on Council business, and
- 12.4 return any credit card provided by Council on request from Council.

13 Intellectual property

- 13.1 Any literary work, computer program, invention, design, patent, copyright, trademark, improvement or idea developed by the employee in the course of employment under this contract is the sole property of Council and Council will unless otherwise agreed have the exclusive right to use, adapt, patent and otherwise register it.
- 13.2 The employee will immediately disclose to Council any literary work, computer program, invention, design, patent, copyright, trademark, improvement or idea developed by the employee after the commencement date to enable Council to ascertain whether it was discovered, developed or produced wholly outside and wholly unconnected with the course of employment under this contract.
- 13.3 To protect disclosures made in accordance with subclause 13.2, Council or the employee may require a confidentiality agreement to be signed prior to, during or immediately after discussion of the intellectual property being considered.

Note: IP Australia, the Commonwealth Government intellectual property agency, has developed a Confidentiality Agreement Generator for the purpose of preparing intellectual property confidentiality agreements. It is available at <http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/smartstart/cag.htm>.

13.4 The employee assigns to Council by way of future assignment all copyright, design, design right and other property rights (if any) in respect to any literary work, computer program, invention, design, patent, copyright, trademark, improvement or idea developed by the employee in the course of employment under this contract.

13.5 At the request and expense of Council the employee will complete all necessary deeds and documents and take all action necessary to vest in Council any literary work, computer program, invention, design, patent, copyright, trademark, improvement or idea developed by the employee in the course of employment under this contract and obtain for Council the full benefit of all patent, trademark, copyright and other forms of protection throughout the world.

14 Confidential Information

The employee will not divulge any confidential information about Council either during or after the term of their employment under this contract.

15 Waiver

The failure of either the employee or Council to enforce at any time any provision of this contract or any right under this contract or to exercise any election in this contract will in no way be considered to be a waiver of such provision, right or election and will not affect the validity of this contract.

16 Inconsistency and severance

16.1 Each provision of this contract will be read and construed independently of the other provisions so that if one or more are held to be invalid for any reason, then the remaining provisions will be held to be valid.

16.2 If a provision of this document is found to be void or unenforceable but would be valid if some part were deleted, the provision will apply with such modification as may be necessary to make it valid and effective.

17 Dispute resolution

17.1 In relation to any matter under this contract that may be in dispute, either the employee or Council may:

-
- (a) give written notice to each other of the particulars of any matter in dispute, and
 - (b) within 14 days of receiving a notice specified in subclause 17.1(a), a meeting will be convened between Council (along with any nominated representative of Council) and the employee (along with any nominated representative of the employee) in an attempt to resolve the dispute.
- 17.2 The employee and Council will attempt to resolve the dispute at the workplace level.
- 17.3 Upon failure to resolve the dispute at the workplace level, the employee and Council will:
- (a) refer the dispute to an independent mediator as agreed by the employee and Council, or otherwise as appointed by the Director-General,
 - (b) agree to participate in any mediation process in good faith, with such mediation to operate in a manner as agreed by the employee and Council, and
 - (c) acknowledge the right of either the employee or Council to appoint, in writing, another person to act on their behalf in relation to any mediation process.
- 17.4 The cost of the mediation service will be met by Council.
- 17.5 The employee and Council will each be responsible for meeting the cost of any advisor or nominated representative used by them.

18 Service of notices and communications

- 18.1 Any communication, including notices, relating to this contract will be in writing and served on the employee or Council at their last known residential or business address in accordance with subclause 18.2.
- 18.2 Any written communication including notices relating to this contract is taken to be served:
- (a) when delivered or served in person, immediately,
 - (b) where served by express post at an address within New South Wales in the Express Post Network, on the next business day after it is posted,

-
- (c) where served by post otherwise in the ordinary course of postage, as set down in Australia Post's delivery standards, and
 - (d) where sent by facsimile, within standard business hours otherwise on the next business day after it is sent.

19 Variations

- 19.1 Where this contract provides that its terms may be varied, that variation will be by agreement in writing signed by the employee and Council.

Note: See clauses 4.5, 6.1.3, 7.3, 8.6 and 19.2.

- 19.2 Where the Director-General approves an amended or substitution standard form of contract for the employment of the general manager of a council, the provisions of this contract may be varied by agreement between the employee and Council to the extent that they are consistent with the provisions of that amended or substitution standard form of contract.

Note: See section 338 of the Act.

20 Other terms and conditions

- 20.1 The employee and Council acknowledge that they have sought or had the opportunity to seek their own legal and financial advice prior to entering this contract.
- 20.2 In accordance with section 731 of the Act, nothing in this contract gives rise to any action, liability, claim or demand against the Minister, the Director-General or any person acting under their direction.

21 Signed by the employee and Council

COUNCIL:

The Seal of

[Council name]

[Seal]

affixed by authority of a resolution of Council.

Signed
by Council

Date

Name of signatory
in full [*printed*]

Office held [*printed*]

Signed by Witness

Name of Witness
in full [*printed*]

THE EMPLOYEE:

Signed
by the employee

Date

Name of employee
in full [*printed*]

Signed by Witness

Name of Witness
in full [*printed*]

Schedule A – Council policies

Note: This Schedule may be varied during the term of this contract in accordance with subclauses 4.5 and 19.1 of this contract.

This Schedule operates on and from

Date _____

For the purposes of subclause 4.5 of this contract, the following policies apply to the employee:

Signed by Council _____

Signed by the employee _____

Schedule B - Duties and functions

Note: This Schedule may be varied during the term of this contract in accordance with subclauses 6.1.3 and 19.1 of this contract.

This Schedule operates on and from

Date _____

In addition to the duties and functions specified in clause 6 of this contract, the employee will carry out the following duties and functions:

Signed by Council _____

Signed by the employee _____

Schedule C - Remuneration

Note: This Schedule may be varied during the term of this contract in accordance with subclauses 8.7 and 19.1 of this contract.

This Schedule operates on and from

Date _____

The Annual Total Remuneration Package is as follows:

\$ _____

The Total Remuneration Package is comprised of:

ANNUAL REMUNERATION	\$

The employee agrees and acknowledges that deductions under subclause 8.2 of this contract are made principally for the benefit of the employee and that the Council relies on that statement in providing the non-cash benefits requested by the employee.

In the case of an employee who is a member of a defined benefit division of the Local Government Superannuation Scheme (or equivalent) compulsory employer superannuation contributions are the long term or “notional” employer contribution, as advised by the Actuary for the Local Government Superannuation Scheme from time to time.

The employee’s superable salary will be the amount of the total remuneration package less the amount of compulsory superannuation contributions.

Signed by Council _____

Signed by the employee _____